Tanzania Water and Sanitation Network



Equity Monitoring for Sanitation Tanzania experience

Tracking equity initiative

Overall objective - to raise awareness of and promote debate on *equity orientation* of the water and sanitation sector in Tanzania

Specific objectives:-

- To prepare and present an annual report on equity to inform and propose specific measures for sector improvement.
- To conduct advocacy to sector stakeholders using different forums (JWSR,TWGs)
- Done through data analysis and documents review supported by field study to generate evidence cases



Key indicators used to monitor Equity

- Budget allocation / lines- how equitable are budget allocations
- Access focus on obstacles for access to W&S by different social groups (rich Vs poor, hard to reach, women, children, people with disabilities etc)technologies, costs etc
- Presence of policy and guiding document- Policy framework —-endorsement of S & H policy which should address a number of equity issues in sanitation and hygiene



Indicators	Key findings
Budget allocation	Imbalance Urban Vs rural – 55% and 31% -2011/ 12 69% Urban Vs 21% Rural – 2012/13 42% Urban Vs 51% Rural – 2013/14 BUT Sanitation budget hidden in Water only 23m USD Vs 941 m USD (2012 -2014) = 0.02%
Access/social equity	Obstacles to access by marginalized groups (women, elderly, people living with HIV/AIDS, children, pastoralists. e.g. SWASH ratios for girls (58 and 64) Vs 25 and boys (64 and 71) Vs 20
Legislative	recognition for water – National water policy 2002, national water and sanitation act 2009, but sanitation and hygiene policy more than 5 years – not approved

Recommendations	Uptake!!
Improve sanitation and hygiene rights	National Sanitation Campaign under WSDP, although with limited funding focus to reach 1,300,000 households (6,500,000) people . GSF in 3 districts
Social equity in decision making – representation of women within senior management	representation of women within senior management of water sector – featured positively. There are a number of women Directors and Assistant Directors within the sector.
Increase budget for rural water supply and sanitation	2013 budget was reviewed to balance for rural (21%-51% for water) with hidden sanitation
Improve water and sanitation rights for children in schools	Developed School WASH guidelines recognizing needs – separate facilities for girls and boys, girls changing room, facility for pupils with disability. Water Investments in villages prioritize access to schools

Linkages between research and Tanzania Gov. country monitoring

- Plan is to have equity monitoring in Government M&E, (eg. WPM)-
- Equity monitoring informs government through Joint Water Sector Reviews and TWGs – this drives and remind on attention to equity issues. We believe it will eventually be part of monitoring system, however a third party eye is important.
- Surveys HBS address equity issues eg. sanitation
 Vs wealth



Recommendations for other African countries

- Need to have a fully fledged program create dialogue mechanism (CSO-Govt linkage e.g. in JWSRs for monitoring, oversight and advise role)
- There should be clear policy and legal framework to allow investments, financial channel and tracking equity progress
- Space for CSO recognizing the value as third party monitor to ensure value and outcome of investment that responds to the needs. Build capacity of CSOs



EQUITY AND INCLUSION??

